

# State of Misconsin

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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WPO: fix spelling on request sheet.

relating to: repealing, consolidating, renumbering, amending and revising various provisions of the statutes for the purpose of correcting errors, supplying omissions, correcting and clarifying references, and eliminating defects, anachronisms, conflicts, ambiguities and obsolete provisions (Revision Bill).

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is prepared pursuant to s. 13.93 (2) (j), stats., for the purpose of modernizing statutory structure and language in order to increase conformity with current statutory style and to improve user readability and accessibility. Throughout this bill, the word form of numbers is replaced by digits; disfavored language is replaced with preferred terms and spellings; long sentences and statutory units are subdivided or otherwise shortened; and nonspecific articles and references are replaced. Some punctuation has been changed to accommodate the other changes.

For further information, see the Notes provided by the the revisor of statutes bureau in the body of the bill that indicate the treatments that have been made to the specific statutory units. No substantive changes are intended.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 80.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	80.04 (1) No supervisor shall may act in laying out, altering, widening or
3	discontinuing any highway in which the supervisor may be personally interested.
4	If one supervisor is interested the other two 2 supervisors shall act; if two. If 2
5	supervisors are interested the third 3rd supervisor shall act in the matter.
	Note: Shortens sentences, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
6	SECTION 2. 80.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	80.04 (2) Whenever there shall be less than two supervisors in any is only one
8	supervisor in a town, the petition application authorized by s. 80.02 may be made to
9	the county board, which shall thereupon promptly appoint a committee of three $\underline{3}$ of
10	its members. Said The committee shall proceed and act upon such petition the
11	application in the same manner and with the same powers in every respect as the
12	supervisors of such the town might do.
	Note: Replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
13	SECTION 3. 80.08 of the statutes is amended to read:
14	80.08 Width of highways. Except as otherwise expressly provided by in s.
15	80.13, highways shall be laid out at least three rods wide, and when no width is
16	specified in the order the highway shall be # rods wide.
	Note: Replaces word form of numbers with digits. Replaces 1 rods with a more common unit of measurement
17	SECTION 4. 80.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	80.11 (1) Whenever it shall be deemed is considered necessary to lay out, alter,
19	widen or discontinue a highway upon the line between two $\underline{2}$ towns, or extending
20	from one town into an adjoining town, it shall be done by the supervisors of said the
21	2 towns acting together, and if such. If the highway is laid out or altered it may be
22	either upon or as near to the town line or as near thereto as the situation of the

1	ground will admit; and they. The supervisors of the 2 towns acting together may vary
2	the same location on either on one side or the other of such the town line as they may
3	deem consider to be necessary.
4	SECTION 5. 80.11 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (2) (a) (intro.) and
5	amended to read:
6	80.11 (2) (a) (intro.) The An application therefor under sub. (1) shall be in all
7	of the following:
8	1. In duplicate, addressed.
9	2. Addressed to the supervisors of both towns, and be signed.
10	3. Signed by at least 6 resident freeholders in each town; and be delivered
11	4. Delivered to a supervisor or the clerk of each town.
12	(b) Upon receipt of such an application under par. (a), the supervisors shall
13	promptly fix a, and give notice of, the time when and place for deciding thereon, and
14	give notice thereof where the application will be decided. The notices of the time and
15	place of meeting notice shall be signed all of the following:
16	1. Signed by a majority of the supervisors of each town, and published.
17	2. Published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, in said each of the towns, and
18	served.
19	3. Served as required by s. 80.05.
20	(c) A majority of the supervisors of each town shall meet jointly at the time and
21	place named in the notice under par. (b) to decide upon such the application and $\underline{to}$
22	sign the order and the award of damages, and in all other things the. The proceedings
23	shall be the same as are required by law in laying out, altering, widening or
24	discontinuing highways located wholly within a one town. The orders, awards,

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1	notices and all papers shall be in duplicate, and one duplicate of each shall be filed
2	with each town clerk, and the. The order shall be recorded in each town clerk's office.
3	SECTION 6. 80.11 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (3) (a) and amended
4	to read:
5	80.11 (3) (a) The said supervisors, upon laying out, altering or widening such
6	highway may determine, in the order, under sub. (2) (c) may designate what part of
7	such the highway shall be made and kept in repair by each town, and what share of
8	the damages, if any, shall be paid by each; and each town. Each town shall have all
9	$\underline{of}$ the rights and be subject to the liabilities in relation to the part of $\underline{such}$ the highway
10	to be made or repaired by it as if it were wholly located in such that town. If no such
11	apportionment shall have been made in the order laying out, altering or widening
12	such highway or any part thereof; or if such highway or any part thereof shall have
13	had its origin in user; or if in the judgment of said supervisors circumstances have
14	so altered since the last previous apportionment or reapportionment of such highway
15	or any part thereof as to render the same inequitable or impracticable, a
16	(b) 1. (intro.) A majority of the supervisors of each town, meeting together, may
17	make such an order in accordance with par. (a) apportioning or reapportioning such
18	a town line highway or any part thereof as of the highway that they may deem
19	consider advisable, which if any of the following conditions exists:
20	2. An order made under this paragraph shall be filed as hereinbefore provided.
21	When so made such order in sub. (2) (c) and shall be of have the same force and effect
22	as an order made in connection with the original laying out of such the highway.
23	(c) Any written order or agreement made before August 27, 1947 made, by a

majority of the supervisors of each town concerned, acting together, apportioning or

reapportioning a town line highway is hereby validated and shall be of  $\underline{\text{has}}$  the same

1	force and effect as though made on or after said date. Where flowage crosses and
2	covers a portion of a town line road, then that part of such order which previously
3	fixed their respective liabilities shall be deemed vacated August 27, 1947.
4	SECTION 7. 80.11 (3) (b) 1. a., b. and c. of the statutes are created to read:
5	80.11 (3) (b) 1. a. No apportionment has been made in an order laying out,
6	altering or widening the highway or a part of the highway.
7	b. The highway or a part of the highway had its origin in user.
8	c. In the judgment of the supervisors circumstances have been so altered since
9	the last apportionment of the highway or part of the highway that the apportionment
10	has been rendered inequitable or impracticable.
11	SECTION 8. 80.11 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (4) (a) (intro.) and
12	amended to read:
13	80.11 (4) (a) (intro.) If by any change of the boundaries of either or both such
14	towns including that caused by flowage the The part of an order fixing the liabilities
15	of towns in regard to a town line highway is vacated if any of the following occurs:
16	1. The territory of either shall be town is increased or diminished, or in the
17	event a by a change of the boundaries of either town including a change caused by
18	flowage.
19	2. A portion of said the town line highway is or has been taken over by the state
20	or county under the state or county highway system, or if a.
21	3. A new town or village be is formed out of a part of the territory of either or
22	both of said the towns, having a portion of such the town line highway within its
23	borders <del>or if a</del> .
24	4. A portion of a town line road highway is crossed and covered by flowage, that
25	part of such order fixing their liabilities shall be deemed vacated, and a.

80.11 (6) Upon proper application such under sub. (5), the circuit judge shall appoint three 3 residents of such the county as commissioners. They The commissioners shall proceed, on not less than five 5 days' notice in writing to the clerk of each town and village clerks, to make such apportionment, and their affected, apportion the liabilities of each affected town and village on account of the highway.

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The commissioners shall make the determination shall be made in writing and filed shall file the determination with the clerk of each town and village affected, and shall have. The commissioners' determination has the same force and effect as an order of the supervisors, and the village president made under sub. (2), (3) or (4).

result of having been worked, that is between two 2 towns, or between a town on one side and a village or a town and village on the other side, which highway has become such by reason of having been used and worked as provided in s. 80.01 (2), which bridge and that has not been assigned to either of the adjoining towns or village, shall be repaired and maintained by such the adjoining towns and village, and the. The cost of repairs and maintenance shall be paid by them the adjoining towns and village in proportion to the valuation of the property therein in the adjoining towns and village as equalized by the county board or boards at the last equalization.

**SECTION 11.** 80.11 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (8) (a) and amended to read:

80.11 (8) (a) Unless Except as provided in par. (b) and sub. (7) or unless otherwise provided by statute or agreement, every highway bridge on a town, village or city boundary shall be maintained by the municipalities in which it the bridge is located, each contributing to the expenses thereof in proportion to the last assessment of taxable property therein. Provided, however, that any

(b) Any bridge, or bridges, over any stream or river forming the boundary line between two 2 counties erected or maintained solely by one of the adjoining municipalities, may be closed or discontinued by such the municipality so maintaining the same when such bridge if the other adjoining municipality shall fail

1	fails to cooperate in such contribute towards the maintenance in of the bridge in the	T prefor
2	following proportion (mane	" herein
3	1. In proportion to the amount of the cost thereof of erecting the bridge borne	E VORO"
4	by said the adjoining municipality that does not maintain the bridge, if the bridge	Any
5	was erected at the joint expense of the two 2 adjoining municipalities; or, if not so	alternative suggestion
6	erected, then in.	wetcome.
7	2. In the proportion of one-half the cost of such maintenance, if the bridge was	
8	not erected at 101nt expense.	domsn't
	NOTE: Subdivides provision, reorders text, deletes redundancies, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity	entences log.  entences log.  entences log.  entences log.
9	SECTION 12. 80.12 of the statutes is renumbered 80.12 (1) amended to read:	proportion
10	80.12 (1) Whenever it is deemed considered necessary to lay out, alter, widen	Wy den to
11	or discontinue a highway upon the line between a town and city or village or to lay	50 e 1
12	out, alter, widen or discontinue a highway or any part thereof of a highway extending	iforthat jo
13	from a town to a city or village, the proceedings therefor for that may be had under	(7) - 4
14	s. 80.11. The application therefor to lay out, alter, widen or discontinue the highway	7,101-
15	or any part of the highway shall be in duplicate, addressed to the supervisors of the	Infact s
16	town and the common council of the city or the board of trustees of the village, and	seems less o
17	be signed by at least 6 freeholders of the town and 6 freeholders of the city or village.	Scento S
18	Thereupon such Upon receipt at an application under sull), the	that it 3
19 KUN	(2) We common council or board of trustees shall appoint 3 commissioners on	reclaced
20	the part of such the affected city or village, who. The commissioners shall be duly	with g
21	sworn to faithfully discharge faithfully their duties as such commissioners before	
22)	entering on the same. Such duties. The commissioners and town supervisors	widening.
23	shall then give notice and proceed in all respects as provided in s. 80.11; and such.	or discontinuation
	upon those	no change
	<del></del>	wither.

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	1999 - 2000 Legislature  -10 -  this clearly changes the LRB-0115/P1  BEM:cmh/jg/kg:jf  SECTION 13  meaning which I think is any way tanguage  currently ambiguogus the prior challes	to avoid
1	a hearing regarding the laying out or widening of a highway. The hearing shall be	changing Vany
2	held not more than 10 days before nor more than 30 days after the town beard	am ean in
3	by the four board receives the affidavity Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be served as	lam
4	required by s. 80.05 and published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985.	changing
5	(1m) The affidavit required under sub. (1) shall be executed by the owner or	bach becaused
6	lessee of real estate (describing the same) located within said the town, shall contain	that. If somelo
7	a description of the affected real estate and that the same shall contain facts that	can Conviner
8	satisfy the supervisors that any of the following circumstances exists:	met hat
$(\hat{\mathbf{g}})$	(a) The the real estate described in the affidavit is shut out from all public	definition
10	highways, other than a waterway, by being surrounded on all sides by real estate	
11	belonging to owned by other persons, or by such real estate owned by other persons	theheaving can be
12	and by water, or that that person is the owner or lessee of real estate (describing the	onthe loth day
13	same) and that the owner or lessee is unable to purchase a right-of-way from the	after receipt
14	owners of adjoining real estate or that a right-of-way cannot be purchased except	Orifyt cantbe
15	at an exorbitant price, which price shall be stated in the affidavit.	til the
16	(b) 1. The the owner or lessee is the owner of a private way or road leading.	I'll go
<b>17</b>	whose width shall be stated in the affidavit, that leads from said the described real	along with a
18	estate to a public highway but that such the way or road or way is too narrow, giving	change
19	its width, to afford that person the owner or lessee reasonable access to and from said	,
20	the described real estate to said the public highway, that that person; and	_
21	2. The owner or lessee is unable to purchase from any of said persons the a	
22	right-of-way over or through the same from the described real estate to a public	•
23	highway, or that that person is unable to purchase from the owner or owners of land	
24	on either or both sides of that person's the owner's or lessee's way or road land to	
25	make such the way or road of sufficient width, or that it the right-of-way or	

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highway, or in adding to the width of a former private way or road, they under sub.

(3), the town board shall make and sign an order describing the same laid out highway and file the same order with the town clerk together with their its award of damages, which. The order shall be recorded by said the clerk; provided, that after the amount assessed as advantages to the applicant shall be under sub. (3) is paid to the town treasurer before the order laying out such highway shall be filed.

NOTE: Moves sentence regarding the award of damages from sub. (4) to sub. (3) for more appropriate placement. Divides provision into multiple sentences and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

80.13 (5) Whenever a parcel of land in any town which is accessible, or provided

**SECTION 17.** 80.13 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

with a right-of-way to a public highway, is subdivided and the owner thereof sells and transfers a any part thereof or sells a of the subdivided parcel of said land by metes and bounds, which part or parcel that would otherwise be landlocked and shut out from all public highways other than a waterway, by reason of being surrounded on all sides by real estate belonging to other persons or by such real estate belonging to other persons and by water without an adequate right-of-way to a public highway, the seller shall in so subdividing said land or a part thereof or in selling a parcel of said land by metes and bounds provide a cleared right-of-way at least 50 feet in width which that shall be continuous from the highway to each the part, parcel, lot or of the subdivision sold. In case the seller fails to do so provide the required right-of-way, the town board may, pursuant to proceedings under this section, lay out a road from such the inaccessible land to the public highway over the remaining lands of the seller without assessment to the latter of damages or compensation therefor to the seller.

NOTE: Deletes redundant language and inserts specific references.

**SECTION 18.** 80.23 of the statutes is amended to read:

80.23 Removal of fences from highway; notice. (1) Whenever pursuant to this chapter, any highway is laid out, widened or altered through inclosed enclosed, cultivated or improved lands and the determination has not been appealed from, the highway authorities shall give the owner or occupant of such the lands written notice in writing to remove the fences located thereon on the highway within such a time as they shall deem determined by the highway authorities to be reasonable, but not less than 30 days after giving such the notice; and if. If the owner or occupant does not remove the fences within the time required in such by the notice, the highway authorities shall cause remove the fences to be removed and shall direct the highway to be opened; but if. If the determination has been appealed from, the notice shall be given after the final decision of the appeal.

(2) This section does not authorize the opening of a highway through such enclosed, cultivated or improved lands or the removal of fences between May 15 and September 15, except in cases of emergency to be determined by the highway authorities.

NOTE. Divides long sentence and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

#### SECTION 19. 80.24 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

- 80.24 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), an owner of lands through which a highway is laid out, widened, altered or discontinued who is not satisfied with the award of damages under s. 80.09 may, within 30 days after the filing of the award, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury to assess the damages.
- (2) An owner of lands through which a highway is laid out, widened, altered or discontinued who has appealed under s. 80.17 from the order laying out, widening,

altering or discontinuing the highway and who is not satisfied with the award of
damages under s. 80.09 may, within 30 days after the entry of a final order on the
appeal affirming the order, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury
to assess the damages.

**SECTION 20.** 80.24 (5) (intro.) and (a) of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered 80.24 (5) and amended to read:

appellant shall serve written notice on 2 of the supervisors of the town in which the highway is situated, or upon 2 or more of the supervisors or commissioners of the town, city or village who have been assigned the duty of responsible for paying the damages for the land, at least 6 days before making the appeal, a. The notice in writing, specifying the following: (a) The shall state the name of the judge to whom the appeal will be made and the date and the date are the appeal will be heard.

SECTION 21. 80.24 (5) (b) and (c) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 22. 80.25 of the statutes is renumbered 80.25 (1) and amended to read: 80.25 (1) Any taxpayer of a town or other municipality in which a highway is laid out, altered or discontinued or any part thereof is situated, and which is required to pay damages resulting therefrom from the laying out, alteration or discontinuation, may appeal, within 30 days after the award or agreement determining the damages has been filed with the town, city or village municipal clerk, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury to assess the damages sustained by the persons to whom damages were awarded or are to be paid.

(2) The appeal under this section shall be in writing, describing the premises and naming the persons to whom damages are to be paid, and the amount awarded to each, and unless appealing from all of the awards, shall specify the particular



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award from which the taxpayer appeals in case he or she does not appeal from all. The appellant shall serve written notice of the appeal upon 2 of the supervisors of the town or upon 2 of the commissioners of the city or village to which has been assigned the duty of that is responsible for paying the damages and upon the persons whose awards are appealed from.

(3) The notice under sub. (2) shall be served at least 6 days before making a polication, a notice in writing specifying therein for jury selection. The notice shall state the name of the judge to whom and who will hear the application and the time plain and place appellant will apply for the selection of the jury hearing.

Note: Subdivides provision, reorders and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style and consistency with s. 80.24. See the previous section of this bill.

**SECTION 23.** 80.26 of the statutes is amended to read:

80.26 Appeal bond. The appellant under s. 80.24 or 80.25 shall execute to the proper town, city or village and file with the judge circuit court a bond with one or more sureties to be approved by such judge the circuit court. In case the appeal is by a landowner, the bond shall be conditioned to pay all costs arising from such the appeal if the jury shall does not award the appellant an increase of damages. In case of an appeal by a taxpayer as such under s. 80.25, the bond shall be conditioned that the appellant shall pay all costs arising from such the appeal if the amount of damages in the aggregate of the items appealed from shall is not be diminished upon by the appeal.

 $\ensuremath{\text{NOTE:}}$  Inserts cross–references and replaces language for greater clarity and conformity with current style.

SECTION 24. 80.27 of the statutes is renumbered 80.27 (1) (intro.) and amended

to read:

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80.27 (1) (intro.) Upon the filing of the bond required under	ers. 80.26 and notice
of the appeal with proof of service thereof of the notice, the jury	shall be selected and
summoned in the following manner:	

(a) The judge shall make out a list of 15 disinterested resident freeholders of the county, not of kin to the owner or occupant of the lands.

(b) Each party in turn shall strike a person from the list until each party has stricken 5 persons from such the list, and if none of the proper supervisors or commissioners or other appellee is present, the judge shall strike off the 5 names for the and the first offer the sand the

- (c) The judge shall thereupon issue an order to the sheriff or some constable of the county to summon the 5 persons named in such list and whose names were not stricken off to under par. (b) to meet at a time and place to be specified in such the order to appraise the damages, the award of which has been appealed from.
- (2) In case any juror fails to appear at the time and place fixed for their the meeting under sub. (1)(c), the judge shall summon another juror shall be summoned in the missing juror's place.
- (3) Any juror may be excused for good cause, and if any. Any juror duly who is summoned and under sub. (1)(c), is not excused and fails to serve that juror shall forfeit not to exceed \$10, and shall be liable to the party having the costs of the appeal to pay for additional costs made in consequence of such resulting from the juror's failure to serve.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, inserts cross-references and replaces language for greater clarity and conformity with current style.

**Section 25.** 80.28 of the statutes renumbered 80.28 (1) and is amended to read:

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and impartially to make such the appraisal, and of damages, from which award the appealed order and hear the statements and proofs of the parties, and such. The jury may increase or diminish decrease the amount awarded, and they shall make sign and return of their the jury's appraisal to the judge signed by them; and in.

(2) (a) In case of appeal by a landowner if the jury shall increase the award under s. 80.24, the costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid by the proper town, city or village; but the jury shall not increase the award the costs and expenses shall be paid by the appellant, and in if the jury increases the amount awarded or by the appellant if the jury does not increase the amount awarded.

(b) In case of an appeal by a taxpayer if the award appealed from is diminished, the costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid by the town, city or village, otherwise if the jury decreases the amount awarded or by the appellant if the jury does not decrease the amount awarded.

- (c) In case of cross-appeals if the damages involved therein are unchanged, each appellant shall pay half 50% of said the costs and expenses of the proceedings.
- (3) If the jury shall fail fails to agree and be is discharged by the judge for that reason, the judge shall immediately proceed to make select another list of such freeholders, jury under this section and s. 80.27 (1) and further proceedings shall be had thereon on the appeal under s. 80.27 and this section in all respects as in the case of a first jury.
- (4) (a) When the jury shall have made a return of their has returned its appraisal to the judge, the judge shall adjust the costs and expenses of such the

1	proceedings, and within 10 days thereafter return such the appraisal to the town
2	clerk, together with all the other following, which shall be filed by the clerk:
3	1. All papers relating to such the appeal, a.
4	2. A statement of the proceedings had before the judge, and.
5	3. A detailed statement of the cost and expenses in detail, duly of the
6	proceedings certified by the judge, which shall be forthwith filed by the clerk; and if
7	<del>two</del> .
8	(b) If 2 towns or a town and $\underline{a}$ city or village be $\underline{are}$ interested, the judge shall
9	make and file a certified copy of the appraisal papers and statements with the clerk
10	of such other each interested town, city or village.
	Note: Subdivides provision, inserts cross-references, replaces word form of number with light and replaces language for greater clarity and conformity with current style.
11	SECTION 26. 80.29 of the statutes is amended to read:
12	80.29 Appeal costs; jurors' fees. Each juror who serves under s. 80.28 shall
13	receive \$3 for services and 10 cents a mile for actual and necessary travel in going
14	to and returning from the place of meeting,. Costs under this section are payable in
15	advance by the party appealing, and to be are a charge against the party finally liable
16	for the costs of the proceeding.
	NOTE: Inserts cross-reference for greater clarity.
17	<b>SECTION 27.</b> 80.32 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.32 (4) (a) (intro.) and
18	amended to read:
19	80.32 (4) (a) (intro.) Whenever any public highway or public ground has been
	vacated or discontinued the, any easements and incidental rights incidental thereto
21	acquired by or in the discontinued highway or ground belonging to any county, school
22	district, town, village or city or to any utility or person in and relating to any

- underground or overground structures, improvements or services and all rights of entrance, maintenance, construction and repair of the <u>same structures</u>, improvements or <u>services</u> shall continue, unless <u>one of the following applies:</u>
  - 1. The owner of the easements and incidental rights gives written consent to the discontinuance of such the easements and rights by the owner thereof is as a part of the vacation or discontinuance proceedings and reference thereto is made in the vacation or discontinuance resolution, ordinance or order, or discontinued by failure refers to the owner's written consent.
  - 2. The owner of the easements and incidental rights fails to use the same easements and rights for a period of 4 years from the time that the public highway or public ground was vacated or discontinued. Upon the failure of the interested parties to reach an agreement permitting discontinuance of such
  - (b) (intro.) The easements and incidental rights or upon refusal of the owner of such easements and rights to give written consent to the discontinuance thereof, such easements and rights described in par. (a) may be discontinued in the vacation or discontinuance proceedings in any case where benefits or damages are to be assessed as herein provided, in par. (c), if one of the following applies:
  - (c) Damages for the discontinuance of such the easements and rights, in the described in par. (a) shall be assessed against the land benefited in the proceedings for assessment of damages or benefits upon the vacation or discontinuance of the public highway or public ground. The amount of the damages shall be the present value of the property to be removed or abandoned, plus the cost of removal, less the salvage thereoff value of the removed or abandoned property or in such any other amount as that may be agreed upon between the interested parties, shall be assessed against the land benefited in the proceedings for assessment of damages or benefits

upon the vacation or discontinuance of the public high	ghway or public ground.	The
owner of such the easements and incidental rights, upo	on application to the treas	urer
and upon furnishing satisfactory proof shall be entitle	ed to any payments of or t	ıpon
such the assessment of damages.		
(d) Any names aggregated by such the assess	ment of damages under	this

(d) Any person aggrieved by such the assessment of damages under this subsection may appeal therefrom the assessment in the same time and manner as is provided for appeals from assessments of damages or benefits in vacation or discontinuance proceedings in the town, village or city.

Note: Subdivides provision, repositions text and deletes redundant and outdated language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 28. 80.32 (4) (b) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read:

80.32 (4) (b) 1. The interested parties fail to reach an agreement permitting discontinuance of the easements and incidental rights.

2. The owner of those easements and incidental rights refuses to give written consent to their discontinuance.

NOTE: Recreates language to reposition text in s. 80.32(4). See the previous section of this bill.

SECTION 29. 80.37 of the statutes is renumbered 80.37 (1) and amended to read: 80.37 (1) Whenever the record of the laying out of any highway has been or shall be is lost or destroyed, the supervisors of the town in which such the highway is situated, upon notice being served on all interested parties in accordance with s. 80.05, may make a new record thereof by a written order, which shall be entered on the town records. Whenever the supervisors shall contemplate making such new record they shall make a of the highway. The notice and shall fix therein a the time when and place at which they where the supervisors will meet and decide upon the same, which making the new record. The notice shall specify as near as may be the

highway as to for which they propose to make such the proposed record. Such notice shall be served as provided by s. 80.05; but notice will be made. Notice need not be given to such persons as who waive the same notice or consent to the making of the order either before or after it is entered.

- hear any arguments or evidence that may be offered for or against the proposed new record, and thereupen decide make a new record as they deem consider proper. They The supervisors may adjourn from time to time, and an entry of each adjournment shall be made in the record by the town clerk. If they the supervisors find that the highway is a legal one highway the record whereof of which is lost or destroyed, they shall make an a written order determining such stating those facts and specifying the course, width and other pertinent description of the highway, and such. The order shall be filed and recorded in the office of the town clerk, who shall note the time theorem of recording it in the record. Any number of highways may be included in one such notice or order, and a under this section. A failure or refusal to make a new record for any highway shall does not preclude a subsequent proceeding for that purpose.
- (3) Any person through whose land such a highway shall pass described in an order entered under sub. (2) passes may appeal from such the order on the ground that the highway described therein in the order was not theretofore a legal highway in fact. The appeal shall be made in the time and manner provided for appealing from orders laying out highways, and like proceedings, as near as may be, shall be had thereon on the appeal as in case of appeals from such orders. The laying out highways. No person may call into question the regularity of such proceedings shall not be called in question by any person under this section except owners of land on

whom such notice should have been served but on whom it was not in fact served, was
 not and persons claiming under such those owners.

Note: Subdivides provision, repositions text, inserts specific references and cross-references and deletes redundant and outdated language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

**SECTION 30.** 80.48 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (3) (a) and amended to read:

the circuit judge of the county, the president of the village or the chairperson of the town in which the land sought to be taken lies shall issue a precept directed to the sheriff of the county or to any constable, naming the sheriff or constable, which. The precept shall direct the efficer sheriff or constable to write the names of 36 freeholders of the county who are qualified to serve as jurors in the circuit court and to return the list. After being sworn to perform the duties required to the best of his or her ability, without partiality, the efficer sheriff or constable shall immediately write the names and deliver the list thereof to the officer who issued the precept; and from.

(b) From the list made under par. (a), each party, in person or by an agent or attorney, commencing with the petitioner, shall in turn strike out alternately, a name from the list until each has stricken 12 names, and if. If either party is absent or refuses to strike out the names, the officer who issued the precept shall appoint some person to strike 12 names for the absent or nonparticipating person. The officer shall then summon the 12 persons whose names remain on the list in the manner prescribed under s. 756.05 to appear at the time and place mentioned in the summons for the purpose of determining the necessity of taking for the public use the land described in the petition; if. If any of the persons summoned fail to attend others

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may be selected in the same mode manner to fill the vacancy, and for that purpos	е
the proceedings may be adjourned from time to time.	

- (c) When 12 persons are thus have been secured in accordance with par. (b) they shall be sworn by the officer who issued the precept to faithfully and impartially discharge faithfully and impartially the duties imposed upon them, which. The oath shall be filed with the city, village or town clerk.
- (d) The number of persons listed and summoned shall be proportionately reduced if the jury is to consist of a number less than 12.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, reorders text, inserts cross-references, and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 31. 80.48 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (4) (a) and amended to read:

80.48 (4) (a) After the jurors selected under sub. (3) are sworn, the circuit or municipal judge, president or chairperson shall issue his or her precept directed to them and requiring that within 10 days they shall view the land specified therein and make return to him or her under their hands in the precept and issue a decision, signed by each juror, as to whether it is necessary to take it the land for public use as described in the petition; the, The jurors shall, at a time to be fixed by them, view the premises; the. The parties interested shall have notice of the time of, and may offer to the jury any evidence pertinent to, the inquiry; after. After viewing the premises and hearing the evidence the jury shall determine whether a necessity exists for taking the land and shall return their its verdict to the officer who issued the precept.

(b) On the receipt thereof of the jury's verdict, the officer shall, as soon as may be possible, submit the same verdict to the council, trustees or supervisors, and for

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The body to which it the verdict is so delivered shall, if in their its judgment the public good requires it, immediately make an order laying out a street or highway from the nearest street or highway which can be used as a convenient means of approach to the cemetery, fairground or land used for industrial expositions. The street or highway so laid shall not be less than a rais nor more than 4 reds in width, and.

(c) The body issuing the order under par. (b) shall, in the order they appoint 3 disinterested residents of the county as commissioners who. The commissioners shall, after notice to the owners or occupants of the land and after being sworn to support the <u>U.S.</u> constitution of the <u>United States</u> and the constitution of this state and faithfully discharge their duties to the best of their ability, assess adequate damages to the owners of the land through which the street or highway is laid. The award of damages shall be signed by the commissioners and be returned to the city, village or town clerk.

Note: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, inserts cross-references, and with replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 32. 80.48 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

80.48 (5) Opening highway. The street commissioner of such the city or village or the superintendent of highways of such the town, after who made the order under sub. (4) laying out such the street or highway has been filed, upon the filing of the order with the city, village or town clerk, shall forthwith immediately open the street or highway so laid, provided that the petitioner shall have paid to the city, village or town treasurer the damages awarded.

NOTE: Replaces language and inserts cross-reference for greater readability and conformity with current style.

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SECTION 33. 80.48 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (6) (a) and amended to read:

80.48 (6) (a) If any Any person through whose land such a street or highway is laid or the petitioner shall be may, if dissatisfied with the damages awarded either may under this section, appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the land is situated. The appeal is commenced by serving a notice of appeal and undertaking upon the opposite party, with at least two 2 sureties, conditioned for the payment of all costs and damages which may be incurred if the appellant shall does not succeed; such. The notice and undertaking shall be filed with the city, village or town clerk, who shall be entitled to receive two dollars \$2 for fees in making return to the clerk of the circuit court as hereinafter required; provided, that such appeal shall under par (b). An appeal made under this paragraph does not impair the right of the public to use such the street or highway for the purpose of travel.

- (b) Within ten 10 days after such papers the notice and undertaking are filed and such payment of the fees is made, the clerk with whom they the notice and undertaking are filed shall transmit the papers pertaining to the subject matter of the appeal to the clerk of the circuit court, who shall file them in the clerk of court's office, and upon such. Upon filing with the clerk of circuit court, the appeal shall be is considered an action pending in such the circuit court, subject to a change of the place of trial and an appeal to the supreme court as in other actions. The appeal shall be entered upon the records by making the party who took it appellant the plaintiff and the other party the defendant; it.
- (c) The appeal shall be tried by a jury unless such mode of trial the jury is waived, and costs.

1	(d) Costs shall be allowed to the successful party, and if. If the landowner is
2	$\underline{\text{the}}$ successful party $\underline{\text{shall be}}$ , the $\underline{\text{landowner}}$ $\underline{\text{costs}}$ shall be added to the judgment, and
3	if. If the petitioner is the successful party, the costs shall be petitioner be deducted
4	therefrom from the judgment.

Note: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

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(END)



## State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0115/P2 BEM:emh/jg/kg:jf

P2-7 P3 changes from Revisor

WF

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT relating to: repealing, consolidating, renumbering, amending and revising various provisions of the statutes for the purpose of correcting errors, supplying omissions, correcting and clarifying references, and eliminating defects, anachronisms, conflicts, ambiguities and obsolete provisions (Revision Bill).

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is prepared pursuant to s. 13.93 (2) (j), stats., for the purpose of modernizing statutory structure and language in order to increase conformity with current statutory style and to improve user readability and accessibility. Throughout this bill, the word form of numbers is replaced by digits; disfavored language is replaced with preferred terms and spellings; long sentences and statutory units are subdivided or otherwise shortened; and nonspecific articles and references are replaced. Some punctuation has been changed to accommodate the other changes.

For further information, see the Notes provided by the the revisor of statutes bureau in the body of the bill that indicate the treatments that have been made to the specific statutory units. No substantive changes are intended.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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	NOTE: None of the changes made by this bill SECTION 1 are intended to be substantive
. 1	SECTION 1. 80.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	80.04 (1) No supervisor shall may act in laying out, altering, widening or
3	discontinuing any highway in which the supervisor may be personally interested.
4	If one supervisor is interested the other two 2 supervisors shall act; if two. If 2
5	supervisors are interested the third 3rd supervisor shall act in the matter.
	Note. Shortens sentences, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
6	Section 2. 80.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	80.04 (2) Whenever there shall be less than two supervisors in any is only one
8	supervisor in a town, the petition application authorized by s. 80.02 may be made to
9	the county board, which shall thereupon promptly appoint a committee of three $\underline{3}$ of
10	its members. Said The committee shall proceed and act upon such petition the
11	application in the same manner and with the same powers in every respect as the
12	supervisors of such the town might do.
	Note: Replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
13	SECTION 3. 80.08 of the statutes is amended to read:
14	80.08 Width of highways. Except as otherwise expressly provided by in s.
15	$80.13$ , highways shall be laid out at least three rods $\underline{49.5}$ feet wide, and when no width
16	is specified in the order the highway shall be 4 rods 66 feet wide.
	NOTE: Replaces "rods" with a more common unit of measurement.
17	SECTION 4. 80.11 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	80.11 (1) Whenever it shall be deemed is considered necessary to lay out, alter,
19	widen or discontinue a highway upon the line between two $\underline{2}$ towns, or extending
20	from one town into an adjoining town, it shall be done by the supervisors of said the

2 towns acting together, and if such. If the highway is laid out or altered it may be

either upon or as near to the town line or as near thereto as the situation of the

1	ground will admit; and they. The supervisors of the 2 towns acting together may vary
2	the same location on either on one side or the other of such the town line as they may
3	deem consider to be necessary.
4	SECTION 5. 80.11 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (2) (a) (intro.) and
5	amended to read:
6	80.11 (2) (a) (intro.) The An application therefor under sub. (1) shall be in all
7	of the following:
8	1. In duplicate, addressed.
9	2. Addressed to the supervisors of both towns, and be signed.
10	3. Signed by at least 6 resident freeholders in each town; and be delivered
11	4. Delivered to a supervisor or the clerk of each town.
12	(b) Upon receipt of such an application under par. (a), the supervisors shall
13	promptly fix a, and give notice of, the time when and place for deciding thereon, and
14	give notice thereof where the application will be decided. The notices of the time and
15	place of meeting notice shall be signed all of the following:
16	1. Signed by a majority of the supervisors of each town, and published.
17	2. Published as a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, in said each of the towns, and
18	served.
19	3. Served as required by s. 80.05.
20	(c) A majority of the supervisors of each town shall meet jointly at the time and
21	place named in the notice <u>under par. (b)</u> to decide upon such the application and to
22	sign the order and the award of damages, and in all other things the. The proceedings
23	shall be the same as are required by law in laying out, altering, widening or
24	discontinuing highways located wholly within a one town. The orders, awards

1	notices and all papers shall be in duplicate, and one duplicate of each shall be filed
2	with each town clerk, and the. The order shall be recorded in each town clerk's office.
3	SECTION 6. 80.11 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (3) (a) and amended
4	to read:
5	80.11 (3) (a) The said supervisors, upon laying out, altering or widening such
6	highway may determine, in the order, under sub. (2) (c) may designate what part of
7	such the highway shall be made and kept in repair by each town, and what share of
8	the damages, if any, shall be paid by each; and each town. Each town shall have all
9	$\underline{of}$ the rights and be subject to the liabilities in relation to the part of such the highway
<b>10</b> ,5,000	to be made or repaired by it as if it were wholly located in such that town. If no such
11.	apportionment shall have been made in the order laying out, altering or widening
12,	such highway or any part thereof; or if such highway or any part thereof shall have
13	had its origin in user; or if in the judgment of said supervisors circumstances have
<b>14</b>	so altered since the last previous apportionment or reapportionment of such highway
15	or any part thereof as to render the same inequitable or impracticable, a
16	(b) 1. (intro.) A majority of the supervisors of each town, meeting together, may
17	make such an order in accordance with par. (a) apportioning or reapportioning such
18	a town line highway or any part thereof as of the highway that they may deem
19	consider advisable, which if any of the following conditions exists:
20	2. An order made under this paragraph shall be filed as hereinbefore provided.
21	When so made such order in sub. (2) (c) and shall be of have the same force and effect
22	as an order made in connection with the original laying out of such the highway.
23	(c) Any written order or agreement made before August 27, 1947 made, by a
24	majority of the supervisors of each town concerned, acting together, apportioning or
25	reapportioning a town line highway is hereby validated and shall be of has the same

1	force and effect as though made on or after said date. Where flowage crosses and
2	covers a portion of a town line road, then that part of such order which previously
<b>3</b> ,	fixed their respective liabilities shall be deemed vacated August 27, 1947.
4	SECTION 7. 80.11 (3) (b) 1. a., b. and c. of the statutes are created to read:
5	80.11 (3) (b) 1. a. No apportionment has been made in an order laying out,
6	altering or widening the highway or a part of the highway.
7	b. The highway or a part of the highway had its origin in user.
8	c. In the judgment of the supervisors circumstances have been so altered since
9	the last apportionment of the highway or part of the highway that the apportionment
10	has been rendered inequitable or impracticable.
11	SECTION 8. 80.11 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (4) (a) (intro.) and
12	amended to read:
13	80.11 (4) (a) (intro.) If by any change of the boundaries of either or both such
14	towns including that caused by flowage the The part of an order fixing the liabilities
15	of towns in regard to a town line highway is vacated if any of the following occurs:
16	1. The territory of either shall be town is increased or diminished, or in the
17	event a by a change of the boundaries of either town including a change caused by
18	flowage.
19	2. A portion of said the town line highway is or has been taken over by the state
20	or county under the state or county highway system, or if a.
21	3. A new town or village be is formed out of a part of the territory of either or
22	both of said the towns, having a portion of such the town line highway within its
23	borders <del>or if a</del> .
24	4. A portion of a town line road highway is crossed and covered by flowage, that
25	part of such order fixing their liabilities shall be deemed vacated, and a.

1	(b) 1. In the event that an order or part of an order is vacated under par. (a) 1
2	2. or 4., a majority of the supervisors of each such town that is party to the order shall,
3	before the time for making the next tax roll, meet together with a majority of the
4	supervisors of such new town or with the president of such village, and all of them
5	when so convened shall, if they can agree, and attempt to make a new order
6	apportioning the liabilities on account of such the highway, which shall be filed as
7 8	hereinbefore provided in sub. (2) (c).  Note. The stricken knowing is moved to a separate subdivision for improved readdoility and separate subdivision for improved readdoility and conformity with common Section 9. 80.11 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:  Section 9. 80.11 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
9	80.11 (4) (b) 2. In the event that an order or part of an order is vacated under
10	par. (a) 3., a majority of the supervisors of each town that is party to the order shall,
11	before the time for making the next tax roll, meet together with a majority of the
12	supervisors of the new town or with the president of the new village and attempt to
13	make a new order apportioning the liabilities on account of the highway, which shall
14	be filed as provided in sub. (2) (c).

NOTE: Recreates language to reposition text in s. 80.11 (4). See the previous section this skill

**SECTION 10.** 80.11 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

80.11 (5) If they fail to make such order no agreement is reached under sub. (4) (b), or if the an order laying out, altering or widening such a town line highway shall has not have apportioned the liability of the towns or village on account of such the highway, the supervisors of either an affected town or the president of said an affected village, after ten 10 days' notice of the time and place of so doing hearing served on the clerk of each town and village to be affected, may apply to the circuit judge of the county in which such towns and village or the affected town or village on whose behalf such notice is given is located, for the appointment of three 3

commissioners to apportion the liabilities of such towns each affected town and village on account of such the town line highway.

SECTION 11. 80.11 (6) and (7) of the statutes are amended to read:

- 80.11 (6) Upon proper application such under sub. (5), the circuit judge shall appoint three 3 residents of such the county as commissioners. They The commissioners shall proceed, on not less than five 5 days' notice in writing to the clerk of each town and village elerks, to make such apportionment, and their affected, apportion the liabilities of each affected town and village on account of the highway. The commissioners shall make the determination shall be made in writing and filed shall file the determination with the clerk of each town and village affected, and shall have. The commissioners' determination has the same force and effect as an order of the supervisors, and the village president made under sub. (2), (3) or (4).
- (7) Any bridge on a highway that became a highway under s. 80.01 (2) as a result of having been worked, that is between two 2 towns, or between a town on one side and a village or a town and village on the other side, which highway has become such by reason of having been used and worked as provided in s. 80.01 (2), which bridge and that has not been assigned to either of the adjoining towns or village, shall be repaired and maintained by such the adjoining towns and village, and the. The cost of repairs and maintenance shall be paid by them the adjoining towns and village in proportion to the valuation of the property therein in the adjoining towns and village as equalized by the county board or boards at the last equalization.

SECTION 12. 80.11 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 80.11 (8) (a) and amended to read:

80.11 (8) (a) Unless Except as provided in par. (b) and sub. (7) or unless otherwise provided by statute or agreement, every highway bridge on a town, village

1	or city boundary shall be maintained by the municipalities in which it the bridge is
2	located, each contributing to the expenses thereof in proportion to the last
3	assessment of taxable property therein. Provided, however, that any
4	(b) Any bridge, or bridges, over any stream or river forming the boundary line
5	between two 2 counties erected or maintained solely by one of the adjoining
6	municipalities, may be closed or discontinued by such the municipality so
7	maintaining the same when such bridge if the other adjoining municipality shall fail
8	fails to cooperate in such contribute towards the maintenance in of the bridge in the
9	following proportion:
10	1. In proportion to the amount of the cost thereof of erecting the bridge borne
11	by said the adjoining municipality that does not maintain the bridge, if the bridge
12	was erected at the joint expense of the two 2 adjoining municipalities; or, if not so
13	erected, then in.
14	2. In the proportion of one-half the cost of such maintenance, if the bridge was
15	not erected at joint expense.
	Note: Subdivides provision, reorders text, deletes redundancies, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
16	SECTION 13. 80.12 of the statutes is renumbered 80.12 (1) amended to read:
17	80.12 (1) Whenever it is deemed considered necessary to lay out, alter, widen
18	or discontinue a highway upon the line between a town and city or village or to lay
19	out, alter, widen or discontinue a highway or any part thereof of a highway extending
(1)20	from a town to a city or village, the proceedings therefor for that action may be had
21	under s. 80.11. The application therefor to lay out, alter, widen or discontinue the
22	highway or any part of the highway shall be in duplicate, addressed to the
23	supervisors of the town and the common council of the city or the board of trustees

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of the village, and be signed by at least 6 freeholders of the town and 6 freeholders of the city or village. Thereupon such

(2) Upon receipt of an application under sub. (1), the common council or board of trustees shall appoint 3 commissioners on the part of such the affected city or village, who. The commissioners shall be duly sworn to faithfully discharge their duties as such commissioners before entering on the same. Such upon those duties. The commissioners and town supervisors shall then give notice and proceed in all respects as provided in s. 80.11; and such.

(3) The city or village shall be in like manner as a town responsible for that part of such the affected highway that, under sub. (2), is determined to shall be made and kept in repair by the same city or village and for the share of damages assigned to the same city or village under sub. (2). The cost of repairs, improvement and maintenance of any highway laid out on a line between a city and a town or village or located on one or the other side of the line may be at the expense of such the adjoining municipalities and the apportionment may be made as provided in s. 80.11 (3) to (6).

(4) The town board, and village board and or city council may cause any such highway or any part of such a highway subject to the provisions of this section, which is not less than 16 rods 264 feet in length, to be graded, paved, macadamized or otherwise improved, including the establishment of the grade and the, construction of the curbs and gutters, and installation of water and sewer mains and service pipes, or either, and. The town board and village board or city council may levy special assessments for the whole or any part of the cost thereof of the improvements as a tax upon such the property as that they shall determine as is especially benefited thereby by the improvements, in the manner provided in s. 66.60.

(5) All proceedings and orders required to be filed and recorded shall be filed and recorded in the office of the <u>clerk of the affected</u> city er, village <del>clerk as well as</del> in the office of the <u>or</u> town elerk.

Note: Subdivides provision, replaces "rods" with a more common unit of measurement and replaces other language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

**SECTION 14.** 80.13 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

80.13 (1) When any person shall present to presents the supervisors of any town board with an affidavit satisfying them that that person is the that meets the requirements under sub. (1m), the town board shall set a time and place to conduct a hearing regarding the laying out or widening of a highway. The hearing shall be held after 10 days and within 30 days of the receipt of the affidavit by the town board. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be served as required by s. 80.05 and published as a class 2 notice under ch. 985.

(1m) The affidavit required under sub. (1) shall be executed by the owner or lessee of real estate (describing the same) located within said the town, shall contain a description of the affected real estate and that the same shall contain facts that satisfy the supervisors that any of the following circumstances exists:

(a) The real estate described in the affidavit is shut out from all public highways, other than a waterway, by being surrounded on all sides by real estate belonging to owned by other persons, or by such real estate owned by other persons and by water, or that that person is the owner or lessee of real estate (describing the same) and that the owner or lessee is unable to purchase a right-of-way to a public highway from the owners of the adjoining real estate or that such a right-of-way cannot be purchased except at an exorbitant price, which price shall be stated in the affidavit.

(b) 1. The the owner or lessee is the owner of a private way or road leading	E A
whose width shall be stated in the affidavit, that leads from said the described rea	1
estate to a public highway but that such the way or road or way is too narrow, givin	g
its width, to afford that person the owner or lessee reasonable access to and from sai	d
the described real estate to said the public highway, that that person; and	
2. The owner or lessee is unable to purchase from any of said persons the	<u>a</u>
right-of-way ever or through the same from the described real estate to a public	c
highway, or that that person is unable to purchase from the owner or owners of lan	d
on either or both sides of that person's the owner's or lessee's way or road land t	ю
make such the way or road of sufficient width, or that it the right-of-way or	<u>)r</u>
additional land cannot be purchased except at an exorbitant price, stating the lower	st
which price for which the same the can be purchased, the said supervisors sha	11
appoint a time and place for hearing said matter, which hearing shall be after to	n
days and within thirty days of the receipt of said stated in the affidavit.	
SECTION 15. 80.13 (2) of the statutes is repealed.	
NOTE: The text of sub. (2) is made a part of sub. (1). See the previous section of this	

bill.

SECTION 16. 80.13 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 80.13 (3) (a) and amended to read:

80.13 (3) (a) The supervisors town board shall meet at the appointed time and place stated in the notice given under sub. (1) and shall then in their discretion proceed to lay out such a highway of not more than three nor less than two rods 33 feet nor more than 49.5 feet in width from the public highway to such the real estate, described in the affidavit under sub. (1) (a) or (b) by either laying out a new highway across the surrounding land or shall add by adding enough land to its the width of

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1	the existing way or road described in the affidavit under sub. (1) (b) to make it not
2	less than two 33 feet nor more than three rods 49.5 feet in width, and.
3	(b) The town board shall assess the damages to the owner or owners of the real
, , , <b>4</b>	estate over or through which the same highway shall be laid or from whom land shall
5	be taken and the advantages to the applicant. The town board may not assess
6	damages in any amount exceeding the price stated in the affidavit of the applicant.
e de la composition della comp	Note: Moves sentence regarding the award of damages from sub. (4) to sub. (3) for more appropriate placement. Reorders text, replaces "rods" with a more common unit of measurement and replaces other language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
7	SECTION 17. 80.13 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	80.13 (4) But the damages assessed by the supervisors shall in no case exceed
9	the price stated in the affidavit of the applicant; upon Upon laying out such a
10	highway, or in adding to the width of a former private way or road, they under sub.
11	(3), the town board shall make and sign an order describing the same laid out
12	highway and file the same order with the town clerk together with their its award
13	of damages, which. The order shall be recorded by said the clerk; provided, that the
14	amount assessed as advantages to the applicant shall be under sub. (3) is paid to the
15	town treasurer before the order laying out such highway shall be filed.
	NOTE: Moves sentence regarding the award of damages from sub. (4) to sub. (3) for more appropriate placement. Divides provision into multiple sentences and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.
16	SECTION 18. 80.13 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	80.13 (5) Whenever a parcel of land in any town which is accessible, or provided
18	with a right-of-way to a public highway, is subdivided and the owner thereof sells

and transfers a any part thereof or sells a of the subdivided parcel of said land by

metes and bounds, which part or parcel that would otherwise be landlocked and shut

out from all public highways other than a waterway, by reason of being surrounded

on all sides by real estate belonging to other persons or by such real estate belonging to other persons and by water without an adequate right-of-way to a public highway, the seller shall in so subdividing said land or a part thereof or in selling a parcel of said land by metes and bounds provide a cleared right-of-way at least 50 feet in width which that shall be continuous from the highway to each the part, parcel, let or of the subdivision sold. In case the seller fails to do so provide the required right-of-way, the town board may, pursuant to proceedings under this section, lay out a road from such the inaccessible land to the public highway over the remaining lands of the seller without assessment to the latter of damages or compensation therefor to the seller.

NOTE: Deletes redundant language and inserts specific references.

SECTION 19. 80.23 of the statutes is amended to read:

80.23 Removal of fences from highway; notice. (1) Whenever pursuant to this chapter, any highway is laid out, widened or altered through inclosed enclosed, cultivated or improved lands and the determination has not been appealed from, the highway authorities shall give the owner or occupant of such the lands written notice in writing to remove the fences located thereon on the highway within such a time as they shall deem determined by the highway authorities to be reasonable, but not less than 30 days after giving such the notice; and if. If the owner or occupant does not remove the fences within the time required in such by the notice, the highway authorities shall cause remove the fences to be removed and shall direct the highway to be opened; but if. If the determination has been appealed from, the notice shall be given after the final decision of the appeal.

(2) This section does not authorize the opening of a highway through such enclosed, cultivated or improved lands or the removal of fences between May 15 and

September 15, except in cases of emergency to be determined by the highway authorities.

NOTE: Divides long sentence and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

**SECTION 20.** 80.24 (1) and (2) of the statutes are amended to read:

80.24 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), an owner of lands through which a highway is laid out, widened, altered or discontinued who is not satisfied with the award of damages under s. 80.09 may, within 30 days after the filing of the award, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury to assess the damages.

(2) An owner of lands through which a highway is laid out, widened, altered or discontinued who has appealed under s. 80.17 from the order laying out, widening, altering or discontinuing the highway and who is not satisfied with the award of damages under s. 80.09 may, within 30 days after the entry of a final order on the appeal affirming the order, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury to assess the damages.

**SECTION 21.** 80.24 (5) (intro.) and (a) of the statutes are consolidated, renumbered 80.24 (5) and amended to read:

80.24 (5) The At least 6 days before making an appeal under this section, the appellant shall serve written notice on 2 of the supervisors of the town in which the highway is situated, or upon 2 or more of the supervisors or commissioners of the town, city or village who have been assigned the duty of responsible for paying the damages for the land, at least 6 days before making the appeal, a. The notice in writing, specifying the following: (a) The shall state the name of the judge to whom the appeal will be made and the date, time and place at which the appeal will be heard.

Ţ	SECTION 22. 80.24 (5) (b) and (c) of the statutes are repealed.
2	Section 23. 80.25 of the statutes is renumbered 80.25 (1) and amended to read:
3	80.25 (1) Any taxpayer of a town or other municipality in which a highway is
4	laid out, altered or discontinued or any part thereof is situated, and which is required
5	to pay damages resulting therefrom from the laying out, alteration or
6	discontinuation, may appeal, within 30 days after the award or agreement
. <b>7</b> ::	determining the damages has been filed with the town, city or village municipal
8	clerk, appeal to the circuit judge court of the county for a jury to assess the damages
9	sustained by the persons to whom damages were awarded or are to be paid.
10	(2) The appeal <u>under this section</u> shall be in writing, describing the premises
11	and naming the persons to whom damages are to be paid, and the amount awarded
12	to each, and, unless appealing from all of the awards, shall specify the particular
13	award from which the taxpayer appeals in case he or she does not appeal from all.
14	The appellant shall serve written notice of the appeal upon 2 of the supervisors of the
15	town or upon 2 of the commissioners of the city or village to which has been assigned
16	the duty of that is responsible for paying the damages and upon the persons whose
17	awards are appealed from,
18	(3) The notice under sub. (2) shall be served at least 6 days before making the
19	hearing on the application, a notice in writing specifying therein for a jury to assess
20	damages. The notice shall state the name of the judge to whom and who will hear
21	the application and the time and place appellant will apply for the selection of the
22	iury hearing

Note: Subdivides provision, reorders and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style and consistency with s. 80.24. See the previous section of this bill.

SECTION 24. 80.26 of the statutes is amended to read:

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80.26 Appeal bond. The appellant under s. 80.24 or 80.25 shall execute to the
proper town, city or village and file with the judge circuit court a bond with one or
more sureties to be approved by such judge the circuit court. In case the appeal is
by a landowner, the bond shall be conditioned to pay all costs arising from such the
appeal if the jury shall does not award the appellant an increase of damages. In case
of an appeal by a tax payer as such $\underline{\text{under s. } 80.25}$ , the bond shall be conditioned that
the appellant shall pay all costs arising from such the appeal if the amount of
damages in the aggregate of the items appealed from shall $\underline{i}\underline{s}$ not be diminished upon
by the appeal.

NOTE: Inserts cross-references and replaces language for greater clarity and conformity with current style.

SECTION 25. 80.27 of the statutes is renumbered 80.27 (1) (intro.) and amended to read:

80.27 (1) (intro.) Upon the filing of the bond required under s. 80.26 and notice of the appeal with proof of service thereof of the notice, the jury shall be selected and summoned in the following manner:

- (a) The judge shall make out a list of 15 disinterested resident freeholders of the county, not of kin to the owner or occupant of the lands.
- (b) Each party in turn shall strike 5 persons from such the list, and if none of the proper supervisors or commissioners or other appellee is present, the judge shall strike off the 5 names for them, and the missing appellee.
- (c) The judge shall thereupon issue an order to the sheriff or some a constable of the county to summon the 5 persons named in such list and whose names were not stricken off to under par. (b) to meet at a time and place to be specified in such the order to appraise the damages, the award of which has been appealed from.

1		(2) In case any juror fails to appear at the time and place fixed for their the
2		meeting under sub. (1) (c), the judge shall summon another juror shall be summoned
3		in the missing juror's place.
4		(3) Any juror may be excused for good cause, and if any. Any juror duly who
5		is summoned and under sub. (1) (c), is not excused and fails to serve that juror shall
6		forfeit not to exceed \$10, and shall be liable to the party having the costs of the appeal
7		to pay for additional costs made in consequence of such resulting from the juror's
8		failure to serve.
χίχ		Note: Subdivides provision, inserts cross-references and replaces language for notification greater clarity and conformity with current style.
		SECTION 26. 80.28 of the statutes renumbered 80.28 (1) and is amended to read:
<b>%</b>	, in	80.28 (1) The jury selected under s. 80.27 shall be sworn by the judge to justly
11		and impartially to make such appraisal, and appraise the damages, the award of
12		which is appealed from. The jury shall proceed to view such the highway, subject to
13		the appealed order, and hear the statements and proofs of the parties, and such. The
14		jury may increase or diminish decrease the amount awarded, and they shall make
15		sign and return of their the jury's appraisal to the judge signed by them; and in.
16	,	(2) (a) In case of appeal by a landowner if the jury shall increase the award
17		under s. 80.24, the costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid by the proper
18		town, city or village; but if the jury shall not increase the award the costs and
19		expenses shall be paid by the appellant, and in if the jury increases the amount
20		awarded or by the appellant if the jury does not increase the amount awarded.
21		(b) In case of an appeal by a taxpayer if the award appealed from is diminished,

the costs and expenses of the proceedings shall be paid by the town, city or village,

1	otherwise if the jury decreases the amount awarded or by the appellant if the jury
2	does not decrease the amount awarded.
3	(c) In case of cross-appeals if the damages involved therein are unchanged.
4	each appellant shall pay $\frac{1}{50\%}$ of said the costs and expenses of the proceedings.
5	(3) If the jury shall fail fails to agree and be is discharged by the judge for that
6	reason, the judge shall immediately proceed to make select another list of such
7	freeholders, jury under this section and s. 80.27(1) and further proceedings shall be
8	had thereon on the appeal under s. 80.27 and this section in all respects as in the case
9	of a first jury.
10	(4) (a) When the jury shall have made a return of their has returned its
11	appraisal to the judge, the judge shall adjust the costs and expenses of such the
12	proceedings, and within 10 days thereafter return such the appraisal to the town
13	clerk, together with all the other following, which shall be filed by the clerk:
14	1. All papers relating to such the appeal, a.
15	2. A statement of the proceedings had before the judge, and.
16	3. A detailed statement of the cost and expenses in detail, duly of the
17	proceedings certified by the judge, which shall be forthwith filed by the clerk; and if
18	two.
19	(b) If 2 towns or a town and a city or village be are interested, the judge shall
20	make and file a certified copy of the appraisal papers and statements with the clerk
21	of such other each interested town, city or village.
	Note: Subdivides provision, inserts cross-references, replaces word form of number with digits and replaces language for greater clarity and conformity with current style.
22	SECTION 27. 80.29 of the statutes is amended to read:

80.29 Appeal costs; jurors' fees. Each juror who serves under s. 80.28 shall
receive \$3 for services and 10 cents a mile for actual and necessary travel in going
to and returning from the place of meeting, Costs under this section are payable in
advance by the party appealing, and to be are a charge against the party finally liable
for the costs of the proceeding.
Note: Inserts cross-reference for greater clarity.

SECTION 28. 80.32 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.32 (4) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

80.32 (4) (a) (intro.) Whenever any public highway or public ground has been vacated or discontinued the, any easements and rights incidental thereto acquired by or belonging to any county, school district, town, village or city or to any utility or person in and relating to any underground or overground structures, improvements or services and all rights of entrance, maintenance, construction and repair of the same structures, improvements or services shall continue, unless one of the following applies:

- 1. The owner of the easements and incidental rights gives written consent to the discontinuance of such the easements and rights by the owner thereof is as a part of the vacation or discontinuance proceedings and reference thereto is made in the vacation or discontinuance resolution, ordinance or order, or discontinued by failure refers to the owner's written consent.
- 2. The owner of the easements and incidental rights fails to use the same easements and rights for a period of 4 years from the time that the public highway or public ground was vacated or discontinued. Upon the failure of the interested parties to reach an agreement permitting discontinuance of such

(b) (intro.) The easements and incidental rights or upon refusal of the owner
of such easements and rights to give written consent to the discontinuance thereof,
such easements and rights described in par. (a) may be discontinued in the vacation
or discontinuance proceedings in any case where benefits or damages are to be
assessed as herein provided. in par. (c), if one of the following applies:

- (c) Damages for the discontinuance of such the easements and rights, in the described in par. (a) shall be assessed against the land benefited in the proceedings for assessment of damages or benefits upon the vacation or discontinuance of the public highway or public ground. The amount of the damages shall be the present value of the property to be removed or abandoned, plus the cost of removal, less the salvage thereon value of the removed or abandoned property, or in such any other amount as that may be agreed upon between the interested parties, shall be assessed against the land benefited in the proceedings for assessment of damages or benefits upon the vacation or discontinuance of the public highway or public ground. The owner of such the easements and incidental rights, upon application to the treasurer and upon furnishing satisfactory proof shall be entitled to any payments of or upon such the assessment of damages.
- (d) Any person aggrieved by such the assessment of damages under this subsection may appeal therefrom the assessment in the same time and manner as is provided for appeals from assessments of damages or benefits in vacation or discontinuance proceedings in the town, village or city.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, repositions text and deletes redundant and outdated language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 29. 80.32 (4) (b) 1. and 2. of the statutes are created to read:

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- 80.32 (4) (b) 1. The interested parties fail to reach an agreement permitting 2 discontinuance of the easements and incidental rights.
  - 2. The owner of the easements and incidental rights refuses to give written consent to their discontinuance.

NOTE: Recreates language to reposition text in s. 80.32(4). See the previous section of this bill.

SECTION 30. 80.37 of the statutes is renumbered 80.37 (1) and amended to read: 80.37 (1) Whenever the record of the laying out of any highway has been or shall be is lost or destroyed, the supervisors of the town in which such the highway is situated located, upon notice being served on all interested parties in accordance with s. 80.05, may make a new record thereof by a written order, which shall be entered on the town records. Whenever the supervisors shall contemplate making such new record they shall make a of the highway. The notice and shall fix therein a the time when and place at which they where the supervisors will meet and decide upon the same, which making the new record. The notice shall specify as near as may be the highway as to for which they propose to make such the proposed record. Such notice shall be served as provided by s. 80.05; but notice will be made. Notice need not be given to such persons as who waive the same notice or consent to the making of the order either before or after it is entered.

(2) The supervisors shall meet pursuant to the notice given under sub. (1) and hear any arguments or evidence that may be offered for or against the proposed new record, and thereupon decide make a new record as they deem consider proper. They The supervisors may adjourn from time to time, and an entry of each adjournment shall be made in the record by the town clerk. If they the supervisors find that the highway is a legal one highway the record whereof of which is lost or destroyed, they

shall make an a written order determining such stating those facts and specifying the course, width and other pertinent description of the highway, and such. The order shall be filed and recorded in the office of the town clerk, who shall note the time of recording it the order in the record. Any number of highways may be included in one such notice or order, and a under this section. A failure or refusal to make a new record for any highway shall does not preclude a subsequent proceeding for that purpose.

(3) Any person through whose land such a highway shall pass described in an order entered under sub. (2) passes may appeal from such the order on the ground that the highway described therein in the order was not theretofore a legal highway in fact. The appeal shall be made in the time and manner provided for appealing from orders laying out highways, and like proceedings, as near as may be, shall be had thereon on the appeal as in case of appeals from such orders. The laying out highways. No person may call into question the regularity of such proceedings shall not be called in question by any person under this section except owners of land on whom such notice should have been served but on whom it was not in fact served, was not and persons claiming under such those owners.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, repositions text, inserts specific references and cross-references and deletes redundant and outdated language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 31. 80.48 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (3) (a) and amended to read:

80.48 (3) (a) At the time and place specified in the notice given under sub. (2), the circuit judge of the county, the president of the village or the chairperson of the town in which the land sought to be taken lies shall issue a precept directed to the sheriff of the county or to any constable, naming the sheriff or constable, which. The

- precept shall direct the officer to write sheriff or constable to make a written list containing the names of 36 freeholders of the county who are qualified to serve as jurors in the circuit court and to return the list. After being sworn to perform the duties required to the best of his or her ability, without partiality, the officer sheriff or constable shall immediately write the names make and deliver the list thereof to the officer who issued the precept; and from.
- (b) From the list made under par. (a), each party, in person or by an agent or attorney, commencing with the petitioner, shall in turn strike out alternately, a name from the list until each has stricken 12 names, and if. If either party is absent or refuses to strike out the names, the officer who issued the precept shall appoint some person to strike 12 names for the absent or nonparticipating person. The officer shall then summon the 12 persons whose names remain on the list in the manner prescribed under s. 756.05 to appear at the time and place mentioned in the summons for the purpose of determining the necessity of taking for the public use the land described in the petition; if. If any of the persons summoned fail to attend others may be selected in the same mode manner to fill the vacancy, and for that purpose the proceedings may be adjourned from time to time.
- (c) When 12 persons are thus have been secured in accordance with par. (b), they shall be sworn by the officer who issued the precept to faithfully and impartially discharge the duties imposed upon them, which. The oath shall be filed with the city, village or town clerk.
- (d) The number of persons listed and summoned shall be proportionately reduced if the jury is to consist of a number less than 12.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, reorders text, inserts cross-references, and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

SECTION 32. 80.48 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (4) (a) and amended to read:

80.48 (4) (a) After the jurors selected under sub. (3) are sworn, the circuit or municipal judge, president or chairperson shall issue his or her precept directed to them and requiring that within 10 days they shall view the land specified therein and make return to him or her under their hands in the precept and issue a decision, signed by each juror, as to whether it is necessary to take it the land for public use as described in the petition; the The jurors shall, at a time to be fixed by them, view the premises; the The parties interested shall have notice of the time of, and may offer to the jury any evidence pertinent to, the inquiry; after After viewing the premises and hearing the evidence the jury shall determine whether a necessity exists for taking the land and shall return their its verdict to the officer who issued the precept.

(b) On the receipt thereof of the jury's verdict, the officer shall, as soon as may be possible, submit the same verdict to the council, trustees or supervisors, and for that purpose may call a meeting of either body and deliver the verdict to them; the.

The body to which it the verdict is se delivered shall, if in their its judgment the public good requires it, immediately make an order laying out a street or highway from the nearest street or highway which can be used as a convenient means of approach to the cemetery, fairground or land used for industrial expositions. The street or highway so laid shall not be less than 3 49.5 feet nor more than 4 rods 66 feet in width, and.

(c) The body issuing the order under par. (b) shall, in the order they shall, appoint 3 disinterested residents of the county as commissioners who. The commissioners shall, after notice to the owners or occupants of the land and after

being sworn to support the <u>U.S.</u> constitution of the <u>United States</u> and the constitution of this state and faithfully discharge their duties to the best of their ability, assess adequate damages to the owners of the land through which the street or highway is laid. The award of damages shall be signed by the commissioners and be returned to the city, village or town clerk.

Note: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, inserts cross-references, replaces "rods" with a more common unit of measurement and replaces other language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

**SECTION 33.** 80.48 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

80.48 (5) Opening highway. The street commissioner of such the city or village or the superintendent of highways of such the town, after who made the order under sub. (4) laying out such the street or highway has been filed, upon the filing of the order with the city, village or town clerk, shall forthwith immediately open the street or highway so laid, provided that the petitioner shall have paid to the city, village or town treasurer the damages awarded.

Note: Replaces language and inserts a cross-reference for greater readability and conformity with current style.

**SECTION 34.** 80.48 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 80.48 (6) (a) and amended to read:

80.48 (6) (a) If any Any person through whose land such a street or highway is laid or the petitioner shall be may, if dissatisfied with the damages awarded either may under this section, appeal to the circuit court of the county in which the land is situated located. The appeal is commenced by serving a notice of appeal and undertaking upon the opposite party, with at least two 2 sureties, conditioned for the payment of all costs and damages which may be incurred if the appellant shall does not succeed; such. The notice and undertaking shall be filed with the city, village or town clerk, who shall be entitled to receive two dollars \$2 for fees in making return

to the clerk of the circuit court as hereinafter required; provided, that such appeal
shall under par. (b). An appeal made under this paragraph does not impair the right
of the public to use such the street or highway for the purpose of travel.

- (b) Within ten 10 days after such papers the notice and undertaking are filed and such payment of the fees is made, the clerk with whom they the notice and undertaking are filed shall transmit the papers pertaining to the subject matter of the appeal to the clerk of the circuit court, who shall file them in the clerk of court's office, and upon such. Upon filing with the clerk of circuit court, the appeal shall be is considered an action pending in such the circuit court, subject to a change of the place of trial and an appeal to the supreme court as in other actions. The appeal shall be entered upon the records by making the party who took it appellant the plaintiff and the other party the defendant; it.
- (c) The appeal shall be tried by a jury unless such mode of trial the jury is waived, and costs.
- (d) Costs shall be allowed to the successful party, and if. If the landowner is the successful party shall be, the landowner costs shall be added to the judgment, and if. If the petitioner is the successful party, the costs shall be petitioner be deducted therefrom from the judgment.

NOTE: Subdivides provision, shortens sentences, replaces word form of numbers with digits and replaces language for greater readability and conformity with current style.

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SECTION 1. 80.11 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

80.11 (4) (b) 2. In the event an order or part of an order is vacated under par.

(a) 3., a majority of the supervisors of each that town that is party to the order shall, before the time for making the next tax roll, meet together with a majority of the supervisors of the new town or with the president of the new village and attempt to make a new order apportioning the liabilities on account of the highway, which shall be filed as provided in sub. (2) (c)

be filed as provided in sub. (2) (c).

NOTE: Recreates language to reposition text in s. 80.11(4), See

(2) The city on village shall

of such the affected highway that funder sub. (2) is determined to shall be made and kept in repair by the same city or village and for the share of damages assigned to the same under sub. (2) city or village. The cost of repairs, improvement and maintenance of any highway laid out on a line between a city and a town or village or located on one or the other side of the line may be at the expense of such the adjoining municipalities and the apportionment may be made as provided in s. 80.11 (3) to (6).

Insert Or